

THIS COSTS YOU NOTHING.

The Red Cross Pharmacy Will Return Your Money if Mi-o-na Does Not Cure Dyspepsia and Increase Flesh.

There are hundreds of people in Barre who were not the least bit surprised when they read in the Times that the Red Cross Pharmacy is selling Mi-o-na under a guarantee to refund the money in case it did not cure indigestion and increase weight.

This remarkable preparation is a true flesh-forming food, that builds up good, healthy, solid tissues, and makes thinness and scrawiness a thing of the past.

It tones up the digestive organs, and will cure the worst case of indigestion, headache, dizziness, or the depressed, weak condition that afflicts nearly everyone who suffers with stomach trouble. Mi-o-na does not simply relieve; it does lasting good.

In 98 out of every 100 cases where Mi-o-na is used, the result is a restoration of perfect harmony between height and weight and an absolute and permanent cure of all stomach troubles.

There are today hundreds in Barre who are recommending Mi-o-na because it cured them. A few months ago they were thin and dyspeptic, and could eat nothing without fear of stomach trouble. Since using Mi-o-na they have made noticeable gain in flesh, can eat what they want, and when they want, without fear of suffering.

Remember that you risk nothing in buying Mi-o-na. If it gives you the desired effect the cost is trifling. If it fails the Red Cross Pharmacy will pay for the remedy themselves.

SHAMROCKS OUT AGAIN.

New Challenger Beats Old Boat by Four Miles.

Yew York, July 22.—Sir Thomas Lytton decided to give the Shamrocks another twenty mile race.

At 11:30 the Cruiser was sent ten miles east-southeast for a mark. The yacht was to run to this mark and return. Sir Thomas and Mr. Pitt sailed on Shamrock III.

The starting time was: Shamrock I, 11:42:35; Shamrock III, 11:43:07.

Both broke out spinnakers as they crossed the line. Just as they crossed it the wind dropped to a calm and then came gently from the south, making the course off the mark a close fetch. Spinnakers were taken in, and the boats lay practically becalmed.

The sails of Shamrock III, filled first with a new breeze, and she quickly ran away from Shamrock I, which lay becalmed for a long time.

At 12:30, when the old boat caught the breeze, the new one was more than a mile ahead of her. The boats could fetch within a point of the course set for them.

After the old boat caught the wind she did poorly and the new boat almost dropped her in the chase. Shamrock I was three miles astern when the new boat turned the mark. The old boat was hopelessly beaten. Shamrock III, turned the mark at 12:58:30; Shamrock I, turned the mark at 1:16:11.

The course to the starting line was a close reach, with the wind south-south-west. Half way to the starting point Shamrock III, ran into a soft spot in the wind and lay for several minutes while Shamrock I, gained rapidly. When the new boat got the wind again it was from ahead and she had to beat for the lights. Shamrock I, came on without beating.

Shamrock I, held the southward half an hour longer than the challenger. At 1:57 she began to beat to the lightship. She was three miles astern of Shamrock III, and five miles from Scotland lightship.

Shamrock III, finished at 2:11:45 and bore to, awaiting Shamrock I, which had just passed Sandy Hook lightship and was nearly four miles from the finish.

Third Reading of Irish Land Bill. London, July 22.—In the house of commons Premier Balfour, in the absence of Irish Secretary Wyndham, moved the third reading of the Irish land bill. John Redmond, the Irish leader, said that while the bill was defective in some features, it would, if worked in a reasonable and moderate spirit, bring to Ireland the blessings of peace and prosperity.

Death of Dean Cox. Garden City, N. Y., July 22.—The Rev. Samuel Cox, dean of the Episcopal cathedral here, has died at the deanery from the effects of injuries received through a fall on Sunday, July 12. Dean Cox was about seventy-eight years old. He had been connected with the Episcopal diocese of Long Island for many years.

Lynching in Arkansas. Pine Bluff, Ark., July 22.—For an assault upon a thirteen-year-old white girl, daughter of a sawmill man named Blake, Crane Green, a negro, was taken from officers and lynched.

Spring Wheat

is grown in one section only of the United States, and is the standard for flour. The supply is limited, and ordinary flour necessarily is made of winter wheat. Pillsbury's Best Flour is made of selected hard spring wheat.

OREGLIA TAKES REINS

Dean of College of Cardinals Temporary Head of Church.

POPE'S DEATH RECOGNIZED.

Impressive Ceremony in the Chamber Where His Holiness Died—Preparations for the Funeral of Leo XIII.

Rome, July 22.—The first of those grandiose and unique ceremonies which follow the demise of a pope, although private, was conducted with great pomp and was most impressive. All the cardinals present in Rome, numbering twenty-nine, assembled at the apostolic palace to view the remains of the late Leo XIII. and to officially pronounce him dead. Cardinal Oreglia, dean of the sacred college and camerlingo of the holy Roman church, had to put aside his cardinal's robes, as a sign of deep mourning, and was gowned entirely in violet, indicative of mourning.

Within the death chamber the body lay with a white veil over the face on the bed, surrounded by Franciscan penitentiaries, while outside the noble guard maintained a solemn vigil. The profound silence was only broken by the chanting of the prayers for the dead. Into this solemn presence came the mourning procession of cardinals, who, kneeling, silently prayed. Then the prelates reverently looked on while Cardinal Oreglia approached the remains.

Bedroom a Mortuary Chapel. For this function the pope's bedroom had been transformed into a kind of mortuary chapel with the altar at one end, having in the center a crucifix surrounded by six lighted candles. Four candles stood at the bed corners.

The white veil was then removed from the dead man's face, revealing the camelelike features of the departed pope, rendered sharper and more transparent by death. So lifelike was the body that those present half expected Leo to raise his hand in the familiar gesture of blessing.

A moment of breathless silence ensued and then the cardinal camerlingo, taking the aspersorium, sprinkled the late pontiff with holy water and called to him in his Christian name, "Gloachino."

When there was no answer the same word was repeated three times, louder and louder. After which, turning to the kneeling cardinals, the camerlingo solemnly announced:

"Papa tertio mortuus est" ("The pope is really dead").

As the words were uttered there arose from the kneeling cardinals a sigh like that of the wind in the trees at night—a tribute paid to the late pontiff by these princely heads of the church.

After this, in voices trembling with emotion, the ranking cardinals recited the de profundis, gave absolution and sprinkled the body with holy water.

Fisherman's Ring Removed. Following the ceremony of the recognition of the death of the pope by the sacred college, the camerlingo, with a whispered prayer, drew from the dead pope's finger the fisherman's ring, which, later, will be broken in the presence of the cardinals, reset, and presented to the new pope when he is elected. This ring is of great antiquity, and in the stone set on the scene of St. Peter drawing in fishing nets. It is said to have been first used about the year 1265. It is one of the symbols of office most prized by the church.

Cardinal Rampolla intended to leave the Vatican immediately after the death of the pope, when, having officially announced the death to the diplomatic body accredited to the Vatican and to the papal nuncios, with instructions to have the news communicated to the various foreign rulers, he considered his duties as papal secretary of state to have been ended. He was on the point of leaving when Cardinal Oreglia begged him to remain in the apartment he had occupied for more than sixteen years, and the secretary of state acceded to the request.

The government of the Catholic church has been officially assumed by Cardinal Oreglia as dean of the sacred college and as dean of the cardinal bishops. He will be assisted by the deans of the other two orders of cardinals, Cardinal Pacelli for the cardinal deacons and Cardinal Rampolla for the cardinal priests, the latter, however, merely as a substitute for Cardinal Netto, the patriarch of Lisbon, who, when he arrives, will take over his own duties.

The cardinals present in Rome have met under Cardinal Oreglia in a pre-

paratory congregation, held in the hall of the consistory. Cardinal Oreglia communicated to them the first instructions he has given since the death of the pope, informing them of the numerous messages of condolence received from all parts of the world and of the general mourning for Leo XIII.

An exchange of ideas took place regarding the ceremonies preceding the conclave. When Cardinal Oreglia asked for the advice of one of the cardinals present the latter replied: "It is difficult to give advice. Indeed, you must teach us what to do, as not one of us has ever participated in a conclave."

At the morning meeting of the congregation of cardinals Mgr. Merry del Val, the first apostolic delegate to Canada, was provisionally appointed secretary of the consistorial congregation, replacing the late Mgr. Volpini. This probably will be followed by making the provisional appointment permanent. The position of secretary of the consistorial congregation has additional importance, since it will lead to the nomination of Mgr. Merry del Val as cardinal by the new pope.

Nine Days' Funeral. Only the most general funeral arrangements have thus far been made, as the shock of the pope's death for the moment occupies all attention. Cardinal Oreglia, together with the members of the sacred college, will determine the details of the elaborate funeral ceremonies, which will last nine days. In the case of Pius IX. his personal friends among the Roman aristocracy were permitted to see the embalmed body before it was removed to St. Peter's, where the general public had a like privilege. It is expected that similar plans will be carried out in the present case.

On the evening of the eighth day the body will be inclosed in two coffins, the inner one of cypress and the other of lead, which will be deposited within a stone sarcophagus. It will not be immediately committed to its final resting place, but will be deposited high over the door near the choir of a chapel in St. Peter's, where it may be viewed by all visitors. The ultimate burial place will be the magnificent basilica of St. John Lateran.

Following Pope Leo's expressed wish, the niche in which his body will lie will correspond to that which the pope designated as the resting place of Innocent III. The marble memorial will show a recumbent figure of the pontiff, surrounded with allegorical figures.

The Contest for the Tiara. According to a statement coming from a high ecclesiastical, arrangements at the Vatican are being pressed forward which will enable the conclave of cardinals to begin sitting on Aug. 1. However, it is now thought the sessions may last considerably longer than at first expected—even long enough to permit Cardinal Moran of Sydney, N. S. W., to arrive in time to take part in the proceedings.

An ambassador accredited to the Vatican says the question of Pope Leo's successor is a peculiarly open one at the present moment. The personality of the candidates plays a much more important part than in any preceding conclave, since the conditions prevailing in the past are now entirely changed. Formerly the sacred college was divided into several distinct parties. There was, first, that composed of the cardinals who are members of the great Roman families, nearly every one of which was represented in the college. These always exerted very powerful influence in the election of a pope. At the present time there is only one scion of a great Roman house among the cardinals—namely,

Cardinal Battista Casali del Drago, who, from the standpoint of the election of a new pontiff, is relatively unimportant.

No Distinct Parties. Then there were parties composed of cardinals appointed by the same pope, who usually ranged themselves into separate bodies. In addition to the members of the sacred college appointed by the pope who had then just passed away there were usually a considerable number chosen by his predecessor and even a few nominated by the pope preceding him.

In consequence of Leo XIII's long reign these parties have entirely disappeared. In the present conclave there will be only one cardinal, Cardinal Oreglia, who was not appointed by Pope Leo.

As a result of these changes the approaching conclave will be much more under the influence of individual candidates than in the past, rendering it impossible to forecast the election with any degree of certainty. It is considered highly probable that the new

pope will be a man at present not thought of and not talked about.

AN ALL NIGHT BATTLE.

Desperate Fighting in Streets of Ciudad Bolivar.

GOVERNMENT FORCES WIN.

Capitol Still in Hands of Revolutionists, but Its Fall is Certain. Great Number of Killed and Wounded on Both Sides.

BAD WRECK IN DELAWARE.

Passenger Train Cuts Through a Freight—Five Persons Hurt.

Wilmington, Del., July 22.—The south bound New York and Norfolk express on the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington railway ran into a freight train on the outskirts of this city.

Five persons on the express train were injured as follows: John Beckley, engineer, Philadelphia, head crushed and lacerations, injuries serious, but he will recover; A. V. Jamison, fireman, Wilmington, leg injured; William Wright, express messenger, Wilmington, leg injured; John Martin, Wilmington, mail clerk, both legs contused and injured about the back; L. B. Kimmey, Philadelphia, mail clerk, arm injured and back sprained.

At the place where the collision occurred the tracks of the Delaware division cut off across the main line tracks almost at right angles.

The Norfolk express was proceeding at a rapid rate when suddenly Engineer Beckley saw the lights of a freight train cross his path. The next instant his locomotive had plowed through the middle of the freight. The force of the collision hurled the express locomotive and tender over to the right and the main coach and baggage cars to the left. Within a few seconds after the collision flames shot up from the cars.

Assistance was promptly sent from Wilmington by special train and two fire companies went to suppress the flames, but so quickly had the fire spread that of over 200 well filled bags on the mail car all but two were burned. The mail clerks had not time to get their clothing and one of them says he lost \$100 which was in his coat. The crew of the express car succeeded in getting most of the baggage out, but some of it was later destroyed by the flames.

EWEN IN JACKSON.

State's Witness Protected by Guard of Militia.

Jackson, Ky., July 22.—The military camp was alarmed at 2 a. m. by the cry of fire and by shots fired by the provost guards. Two details of troops were sent into town. The fire was near the depot, a small house, but the people were wildly excited for fear it was a repetition of the Ewen fire. Investigation showed it was of incendiary origin and a negro is suspected. B. J. Ewen remained in the express car in which he was brought from Lexington until 1 a. m., when he was escorted to camp.

He appeared at the courthouse under a strong guard and insisted that the grand jury first consider the cases of Crawford and Tharp, charged with setting fire to Ewen's hotel, in which cases Ewen is not a witness, as he was in camp with the soldiers when his hotel was burned. It is stated that Ewen's friends want to ascertain how the pending inquiry proceeds before they testify in the bribery cases. While nothing can be learned from the grand jury, there are many reports about the courthouse that cause dissatisfaction.

Titus Sheard Visits President.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 22.—President Roosevelt received only one called at Sagamore Hill. Titus Sheard of Little Falls, N. Y., who defeated Mr. Roosevelt for the speakership of the New York assembly in 1884 and who appointed him chairman of the committee which made the first rigid investigation of police and other municipal affairs of New York city, had an extended talk with the president on the political situation in the state. He told the president New York certainly would give him not only a solid delegation in the national convention next year, but also its vote in the electoral college.

Aged Farmer Drowns Himself. Owego, N. Y., July 22.—Frank Probasco, a farmer, sixty-two years old living opposite Hawatha Island, three miles east of here, committed suicide by drowning in the Susquehanna river. He locked his wife in the house, telling her his intentions and then rowed out in a boat. She escaped from the house and gave the alarm to a man in a boat on the river, but Probasco jumped into the water before he could be reached. Probasco had shown signs of insanity and had predicted the death of himself and family.

Charles Major and Wife Burned. Mackinac Island, Mich., July 22.—Charles H. Major of Indianapolis and Mrs. Major were badly burned as a result of a celluloid comb used by her taking fire from an alcohol lamp on which she was heating a curling iron. Mrs. Major's hair, arms and hands were badly burned and Mr. Major, in attempting to extinguish the flames, was himself severely burned about the arms and hands. Mr. Major is the author of "When Knighthood Was In Flower."

Two Small Boys Drowned.

Philadelphia, July 22.—Arthur Friedhofer and James Scallin, each nine years of age, were drowned together in a small stream near Ardmore, a suburb. The boys could not swim and waded beyond their depth in a creek, which was swollen by recent heavy rains.

WILL SAVE

much work, much worry and much money. It saves clothes and hands. No boiling necessary. Makes linen lily white and washday a delight when using

Sunlight

Big Cake - 5 cts. - All Dealers

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR LAUNDRY SHAPE

Reward For Escaped Convict.

Plattsburg, N. Y., July 22.—Warden Deyo of Clinton prison has authorized the announcement that the \$250 reward offered for the capture of Peter James, the "lifer" who with three other prisoners escaped from the prison Saturday last, will be paid for him dead or alive. This indicates that the prison officials expect James to fight to the death before being captured.

Striking Machinists Enjoined.

Newark, N. J., July 22.—Vice Chancellor Emery has granted an order restraining the International Association of Machinists from interfering with the employees of W. & M. Fletcher of Hoboken. It is alleged that men who are on strike are threatening the employees of the firm. The order is returnable in Jersey City on Aug. 3.

Costly Fire in New Hampshire.

Tilton, N. H., July 22.—The Lovering hotel has been burned and other property, including the town hall block and dwelling houses damaged. The hotel stable also was burned and eight horses perished. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

Philadelphia Judge Dead.

Philadelphia, July 22.—Judge Henry J. McCarthy of common pleas court No. 3 has died at his home here after a week's illness of nervous exhaustion. His death was unexpected. Judge McCarthy was fifty-eight years old. He was elected in 1898 as a Democrat.

Fatal Battle in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., July 22.—A telephone message from Eddyville states that one man was fatally wounded and three persons seriously injured in a battle between City Marshal McHugh and a party of horse traders. About twenty shots were exchanged.

The Weather.

Showers and thunderstorms, with rising temperature; light to fresh north-west winds.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, July 22.

Money on call nominal at 2 1/2% per cent. Prime mercantile paper, last per cent. Exchange, \$24,500,000; balances, \$1,161,495.

Closing prices: Amal. Copper, 45; N. Y. Central, 117 1/2; Atchafalpa, 45 1/2; Norf. & West., 45 1/2; B. & O., 34 1/2; Penn. R. R., 104 1/2; Brooklyn B. T., 40; Reading, 40 1/2; C. & C. & St. L., 74; Rock Island, 24 1/2; Ches. & Ohio, 37 1/2; St. Paul, 104 1/2; Chi. & Northw., 104; Southern Pac., 40; Erie, 28 1/2; Southern Ry., 21 1/2; Gen. Electric, 101 1/2; South. Ry. of Fla., 15 1/2; Illinois Cen., 12 1/2; Sugar, 11 1/2; Lackawanna, 39 1/2; Texas Pacific, 24 1/2; Louis. & Nash., 16; Union Pacific, 74 1/2; Manhattan, 119 1/2; U. S. Steel, 24 1/2; Metropolitan, 114 1/2; U. S. Steel pref., 74 1/2; Mo. Pac., 5 1/2; West. Union, 5 1/2.

General Markets.

New York, July 22.

FLOUR—Easy and lower to sell; Minnesota patents, 24-26 1/2; winter straights, 22-24 1/2; winter extras, 21-23 1/2; winter patents, 20-22 1/2.

WHEAT—Yielded again this morning to lower cables; good crop news and renewed liquidation; September, 84 1/2; December, 84 1/2.

RYE—Easy; State, 54 1/2; C. & F., New York; No. 2 western, 51 1/2; C. & F., No. 1, 50 1/2.

CORN—Opened easy on the weather, but was rallied by a demand from room shorts, December, 54 1/2.

OATS—Held steady on light speculative offerings; track, white, state, 45 1/2; track, white, western, 45 1/2.

PORK—Easy; mess, 15 1/2; family, 17 1/2.

LARD—Easy; prime western steam, 8 1/2.

BUTTER—Unsettled; state dairy, 14 1/2; extra creamery, 30.

CHEESE—Irregular; state, full cream, fancy, small, colored, 10 1/2; small, white, 10 1/2; large, colored, 10 1/2; large, white, 10 1/2.

EGGS—Irregular; state and Pennsylvania fresh to extras, 17 1/2; western extra, 16 1/2.

SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 8 1/2-10 1/2; centrifugal, 9 1/2 test, 8 1/2-10 1/2; refined firm; crushed, 5 1/2; powdered, 5 1/2.

COFFEE—Firm; domestic, 4 1/2-5 1/2; Java, nominal.

HAY—Dull; shipping, 8 1/2-9 1/2; good to choice, 10 1/2-11 1/2.

REVOLVING SALONKA GROWS.

Constantinople, July 22.—According to dispatches from Salonika a battalion of troops has been sent to Doiran in the village of Salonika, to re-enforce the Turkish forces. There are already 1,100 troops at Doiran, and severe fighting is reported to have occurred. It is believed the revolutionists are resisting effectively. Eleven additional battalions have been mustered to replace sixteen which were recently disbanded.

France Honors Two Americans. Paris, July 22.—Among the appointments to the Legion of Honor gazetted are W. E. Ingersoll, Paris manager of the New York Life Insurance company, chevalier, and William Sellman, banker, officer.

To Bury Whistler in England. London, July 22.—The remains of James Abbott MacNeill Whistler will be interred in Chiswick cemetery. The funeral service will be held in Old Chelsea church.

To Feel Well

you must be well. Your digestive organs must be doing their work properly. Beecham's Pills act like oil on machinery, and will give you the snap and vigor that only comes with perfect health.

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 50c.



CARDINAL OREGLIA.



WHERE POPE'S BODY WILL REST.

Cardinal Battista Casali del Drago, who, from the standpoint of the election of a new pontiff, is relatively unimportant.